

I. Basic methodological approaches

Since 2002 the **LFS questionnaire** has been fully harmonised with standard of Eurostat and has corresponded to the contents of Council Regulation (EU) no. 577/98. Nevertheless, the content and structure of Eurostat's standard is still developing. In this context the CZSO executed other changes in questionnaire with effect from 1 January 2003 while the section of questions on attained education of respondents and mainly on lifelong learning in the period of their economic active life was extended. This procedure claimed a modification of array of questions and possible answers and it proved in the further significant increase of the questionnaire content. However, the content and formal structure of publication were kept as it was in last years and they enable good orientation with respect to the publications for previous quarters. At the same time the continuity and consistence of statistical data were ensured in the required time sequence. The changes in definition of particular characteristics were used when recounting the relevant data (section V.).

On 1 January 2000, a territorial structure of the Czech Republic, dividing the country into **14 Regions** ("higher territorial administrative units"), became effective based on Constitutional Act No. 347/97 Coll. In this context and for statistical and analytical needs, as well as for the needs of the European Commission, eight statistical territorial units (**Areas**) were defined within the Czech Republic in compliance with the Resolution of Cabinet of the CR No. 707/1998. The territorial structure of the Czech Republic, which complies with the system of NUTS (La Nomenclature des Unités Territoriales Statistiques) used in the EU member countries, can be seen from the maps in the Technical Notes. This quarterly LFSS publication gives an insight into the labour market at all the basic levels, i.e. NUTS 1 - the Czech Republic, NUTS 2 - statistical Areas and NUTS 3 - Regions.

The LFSS concentrates on households living in dwellings chosen at random. It addresses all persons living usually in the dwellings, disregarding the type of their stay there (permanent, temporary or non-registered). In persons under 15, only basic data are asked for: relationship to the head of household, age, sex and nationality. Persons 15+ are supposed to answer additional questions concerning their status in the labour market. The survey does not cover persons living in collective accommodation establishments for a long period of time, which is why data on certain population groups (foreign nationals living and working in the CR in particular) are rather scarce. According to Eurostat, such data can be retrieved from administrative sources or acquired via a separate survey taken outside the LFSS.

In the 2nd quarter 2005, the sample comprised almost **26 thousand dwellings** on the territory of the Czech Republic (0.6 % of all dwellings permanently lived in), in which **63 thousand respondents of all age groups** were surveyed, including more than **53 thousand respondents aged 15 or more**. This sample size makes it possible to get estimates of labour market characteristics at the national level and also regional estimates with reliability required by Eurostat.

Number of households and persons aged 15+ in the sample

Czech Republic	Regions													
	Hl. m. Praha	Středočeský	Jihočeský	Plzeňský	Karlovarský	Ústecký	Liberecký	Královéhradecký	Pardubický	Vysočina	Jihomoravský	Olomoucký	Zlínský	Moravskoslezský
Number of households in the sample														
25632	1997	2886	2146	1797	1307	1704	1229	1286	1439	1442	2582	1371	1564	2882
Number of persons aged 15+ in the sample														
53479	3788	5891	4367	3743	2550	3362	2600	2697	3123	3136	5925	2947	3449	5901

All data from the sample were reweighted onto age structure of population according to demographic projection of quarterly middle states for Labour Force Sample Survey (Capt. IV.C – Population). The mentioned method of recounting corresponds the best to the group of persons included into survey (permanent residents).

The LFSS is a continuous survey, whose results are evaluated and released on a quarterly basis. The results are released three months after the end of the reference quarter. In the context of the unification of content of national questionnaire and list of questions obligatory for Member States of EU, the content of this publication will be changed steadily.